



## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: VIII</b>	<b>Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE</b>	<b>Date of submission:</b>
<b>Worksheet No:17</b>	<b>Topic: The Making of the National Movement :1870s—1947. (Hist)</b>	<b>Year: 2021-22</b>

<b>I</b>	<b>Multiple Choice Questions: -</b>
1	The Viceroy who was responsible for the partition of Bengal in 1905- (a) Lord Curzon(b) Lord Ripon(c) Lord Mountbatten(d) William Bentinck
2	The National movement launched after the Partition of Bengal- (a) Quit India Movement(b) Salt Satyagraha(c) Swadeshi Movement(d) First war of Independence
3	Who among the following was a Moderate leader? (a) Bipin Chandra Pal(b) Surendranath Banerjee(c) Aurobindo Ghosh(d) Lala Lajpat Rai
<b>II</b>	<b>Fill in the blanks: -</b>
4	----- started the Historic Dandi March- (a)Mahatma Gandhi (b)Jawaharlal Nehru. (c) Lala Lajpat Rai (d) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.
5	----- declared the slogan that, 'Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it'. (a)Bal Gangadhar Tilak (b)Bipin Chandra Pal (c)Aurobindo Ghosh(d) Gopal Krishna Gokhale.
<b>III</b>	<b>Write True or False: -</b>
6	The Ilbert Bill was introduced in 1883. True or False.
7	In 1919, Gandhiji called for a Satyagraha against the Rowlatt Act. True or False.
8	Rabindranath Tagore renounced his title'knighthood' after the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre- True or False.
<b>IV</b>	<b>Match the following: -</b>
9	Mohammad Ali and Shaukat Ali (a) A.O. Hume
10	The Swadeshi movement (b) The Khilafat Movement.
11	The Indian National Congress (c) The Partition of Bengal
12	The Non-Cooperation Movement (d) Russian Revolution.
	(e) Mahatma Gandhi
	<b>Ans:(10-----11-----12-----13-----)</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>Answer in brief: -</b>
13	'Gandhiji withdraw the Non-Cooperation movement'. Give reasond
14	Explain the Khilafat movement.
<b>VI</b>	<b>Answer in detail: -</b>
15	Describe the 'Ilbert Bill'